

# Cisco configuration elements

## Network Management Tutorial

# Overview

- Basic things that we need to make sure are configured on a Cisco router (and switch) to do proper network management
- These apply to other network equipment manufacturers of course, and to servers and workstations

# Elements

- Hostname hostname of the device
  - SSH enable secure shell
  - DNS domain name lookup
  - NTP time synchronization
  - Syslog syslog messages
  - SNMP SNMP configuration
  - SNMP traps Where to send traps
  - CDP Cisco discovery protocol

# Hostname

- Use the FQDN preferably.
- In config mode:

hostname *net-gw.XYZ.domain.name*

or

hostname *net-sw-XYZ.domain.name*

# DNS configuration

- Config mode:

```
ip domain-name .tldx  
ip name-server 192.168.128.10
```

# NTP + time configuration

- In config mode:

```
ntp server pool.ntp.org  
clock timezone EEST 3
```

- If needed:

```
clock summer-time XXX recurring  
last Sun Mar 2:00 last Sun Oct  
3:00
```

# SSH

- Only crypto version of IOS/CatOS have support for SSH – there are export restrictions... In config mode:

```
aaa new-model  
crypto key generate rsa  
username inst secret 0 xxxxxxxxxxxx
```

- . . . above is required to be allowed to enable SSH. Verify creation with:

## SSH (2)

- Enforce ssh (disabling telnet) on vty lines:

```
host# conf t
host(config)# line vty 0 4
host(config-line)# transport
input ssh
^Z
host#
```

- SSH is now enabled
- Telnet is not necessary

# Syslog

- In config mode, enable logging to your NOC machine (X is your TLD)

```
logging 192.168.X.1
logging facility local5
logging trap debugging
```

# SNMP

- In config mode:

```
snmp-server community xxxxxxxx  
RW  
snmp-server community afnog RO  
snmp-server location Cairo  
snmp-server enable traps config  
snmp-server enable traps envmon  
snmp-server enable traps config-  
copy  
snmp-server enable traps syslog  
snmp-server host 192.168.X.Y afnog
```

# CDP

- Cisco Discovery Protocol
- Normally enabled by default nowadays
- Otherwise, enabled with "cdp enable" or "cdp run"
- tcpdump and tools like cdpr will show you CDP announcements
- check neighbor announcement with:  
`show cdp neighbors`

# Questions ?